

Investor Relations Presentation March 2018

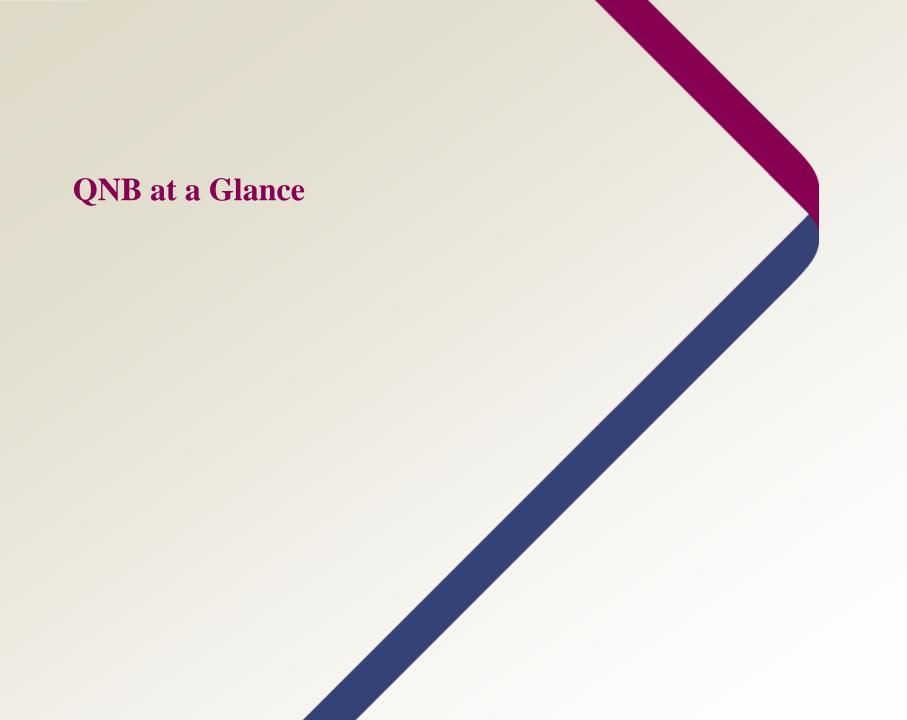
#### **Contents**

- 1. QNB at a Glance
- 2. QNB Comparative Positioning Qatar and MEA
- 3. Financial Highlights as at 31 March 2018
- 4. Economic Overview

#### Notes:

All figures in US Dollars have been converted from Qatari Riyals based on the exchange rate of 1 US Dollar = 3.6405 Qatari Riyals In certain cases, numbers may be rounded for presentation purposes





### **QNB** at a Glance: Overview

#### Overview

- Established in 1964 as the first Qatari owned bank
- Owned (50%) by the Government of Qatar via the Qatar Investment Authority (QIA)
- Largest bank in Qatar by market cap., assets, loans, deposits and profit
- Largest bank in MEA by total assets, loans, deposits and profit

#### **Credit Rating**

	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Capital Intelligence
LT	Aa3	A	<b>A</b> +	AA-
ST	P-1	A-1	<b>F</b> 1	<b>A1</b> +

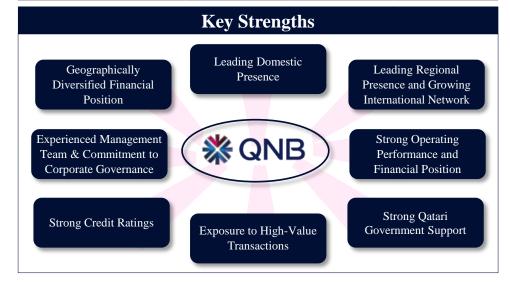
#### Presence

 QNB Group, subsidiaries and associate companies operate in more than 31 countries around the world across 3 continents, through more than 1,200 locations, supported by more than 4,300 ATMs and employing more than 28,000 staff.<sup>1</sup>

#### Stock/Share Parameters

- Listed on Qatar Exchange (QNBK)
- Market cap. of USD33.0bn
- Share price of USD35.71 per share
- Price to Book 1.6x (31-Dec-17)
- Price to Earnings 9.2x (31-Dec-17)

Financials <sup>2</sup> (in USD billion)				
	2018	2017	5yr CAGR	
<b>Total Assets</b>	229.0	204.1	17%	
Loans & Advances	164.2	147.2	18%	
Deposits	165.9	148.6	17%	
Operating Income <sup>3</sup>	1.67	1.49	15%	
Profit <sup>4</sup>	0.94	0.88	10%	
Coverage Ratio <sup>5</sup>	110%	114%	-	
NPL Ratio	1.8%	1.8%	-	
Loans to Deposits ratio	99.0%	99.0%	-	





1: Source: QNB

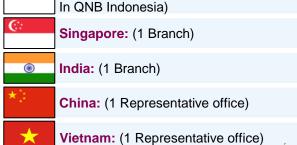
2: Source: March 2018 Financial Report

3: Operating Income includes Share of Results of Associates

4: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank

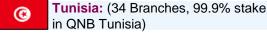
### **QNB's International Footprint**

# Sub-Saharan Africa South Sudan: (1 Branch) Togo: (927 Branches<sup>1</sup>, 20.1% stake in Ecobank) **Asia** Indonesia: (48 Branches, 90.96% stake





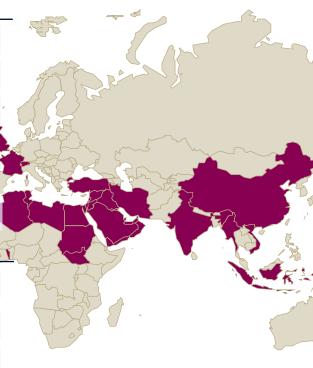
Myanmar: (1 Representative office)





Algeria: (72 Branches)

Mauritania: (1 Branch)







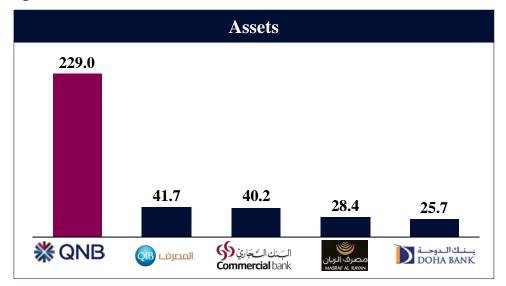


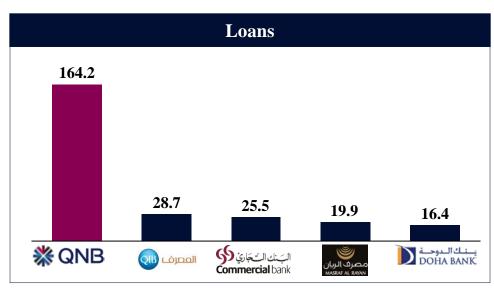
- 1: The branch data for Ecobank is as at 31 December 2017
- 2: Includes the branches / representative offices from subsidiaries and associates
- 3: Dormant

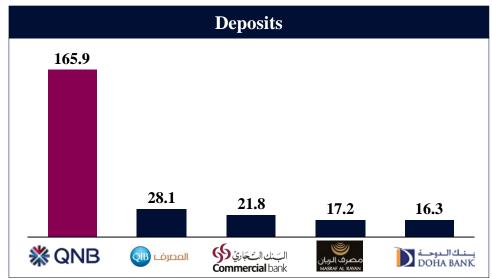
**QNB** Comparative Positioning – Qatar and MEA

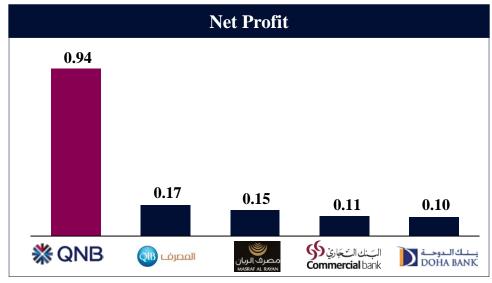
#### **Top 5 Domestic Banks – March 2018**

#### QNB continues to excel in the domestic market





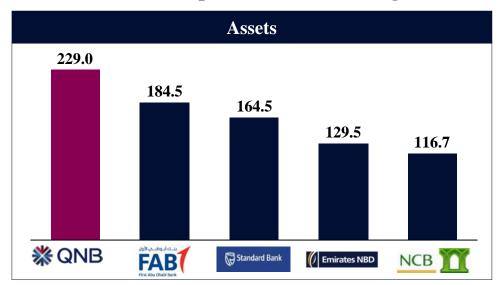


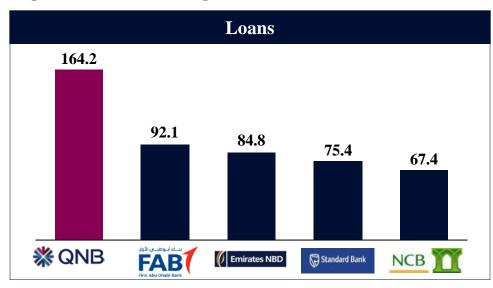


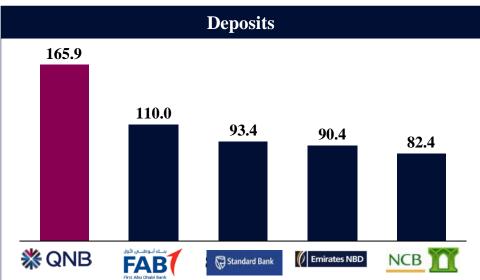


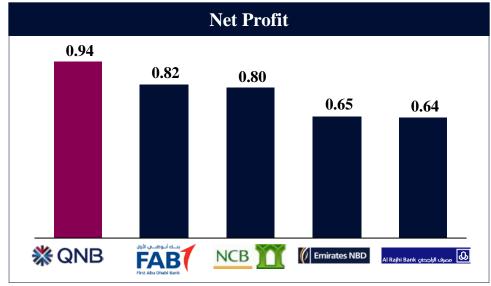
### Top 5 MEA Banks – March 2018

#### QNB maintained its position as the leading bank in the region across all categories







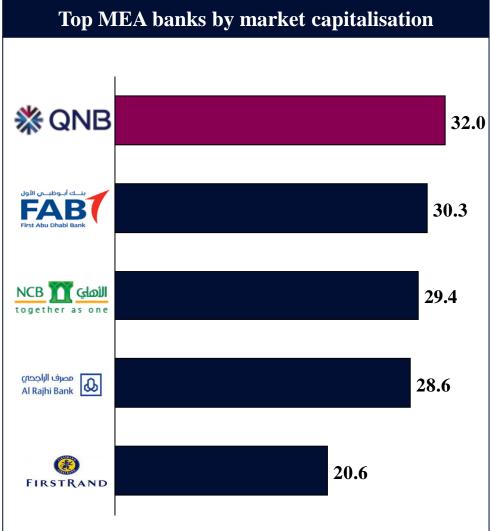




# QNB is the leading financial institution in the MEA region with regards to brand value and market capitalisation

Brand value and market capitalisation (USD Bn as at 31-Dec-17)







Source: Brand Finance 2018, Bloomberg

Financial Highlights – as at 31 March 2018

# QNB demonstrate sustainable profit growth

Financial Highlights (as at 31 March 2018)



Growth vs. March 2017

Profit¹ • USD942 million +7%

• Net interest margin (NIM)<sup>2</sup>: 2.64%

• Cost to income ratio: 27.8%

• Earnings per share: USD 1.0

• USD229.0 billion assets
• USD164.2 billion loans

+12%

• NPL (% of gross loans): 1.8%

• Coverage ratio<sup>3</sup>: 110%

Funding • US

• USD165.9 billion deposits



• Loans to deposits ratio: 99.0%

**Equity** 

• USD19.9 billion equity



• Capital adequacy ratio (QCB Basel III): 16.0%



Source: March 2018 Financial Report

- 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank
- 2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average earning assets
- 3: Based on Stage 3 ECL provisions

#### **QNB ALAHLI**

#### Highlights (as at 31 March 2018)



Growth vs. March 2017

Profit1

• USD78.6 million (EGP1.4 billion)



+25% (+24%)

• Net interest margin (NIM)<sup>2</sup>: 4.74%

• Cost to income ratio: 28.9%

**Assets** 

• USD13.2 billion assets (EGP233.7 billion)



+21%

(+18%)

• USD6.4 billion loans (EGP113.8 billion)



+21%

(+17%)

• NPL (% of gross loans): 2.7%

• Coverage ratio<sup>3</sup>: 190%

**Funding** 

• USD10.8 billion deposits (EGP191.4 billion)



+25%

(+21%)

Loans to deposits ratio:

**Equity** 

• USD1.3 billion equity (EGP22.8 billion)



+34%

• Capital adequacy ratio (Basel II): 17.3%



Source: QNB ALAHLI under International Financial Reporting Standards

- 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank
- 2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average interest earning assets
- 3: Based on Stage 3 ECL provisions

59.5%

#### **QNB FINANSBANK**

#### Highlights (as at 31 March 2018)



Growth vs. March 2017

Profit1

• USD149.7 million (TRY0.6 billion)



+**41%** (+46%)

• Net interest margin (NIM)<sup>2</sup>: 4.69%

• Cost to income ratio: 43.9%

Assets

• USD36.1 billion assets (TRY144.7 billion)



+16%

(+27%)

• USD23.3 billion loans (TRY93.2 billion)



+16%

(+28%)

• NPL (% of gross loans): 4.8%

• Coverage ratio<sup>3</sup>: 119%

**Funding** 

• USD19.2 billion deposits (TRY76.8 billion)



+**18%** (+30%)

• Loans to deposits ratio: 121.4%

**Equity** 

• USD3.2 billion equity (TRY13.0 billion)



-3% (+6%)

• Capital adequacy ratio (Basel III): 14.5%



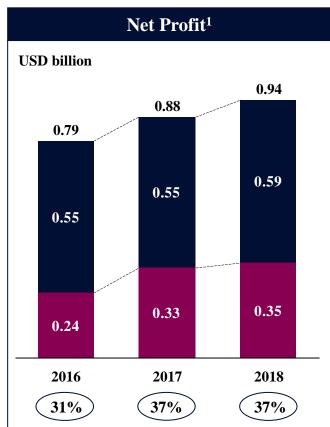
Source: QNB Finansbank under International Financial Reporting Standards

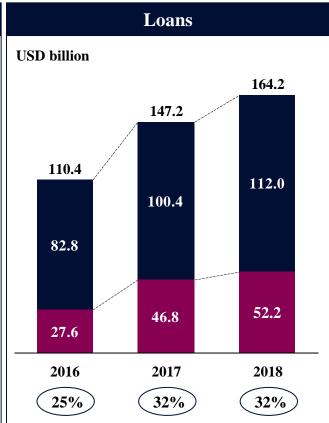
- 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank
- 2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average interest earning assets
- 3: Based on Stage 3 ECL provisions

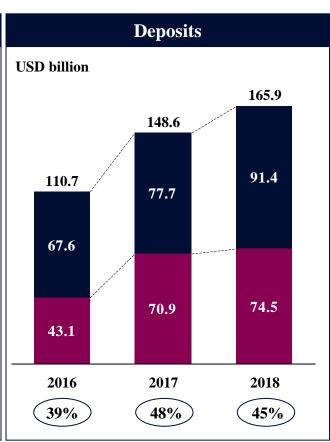
# Increasing geographical diversification positively contributes to growth

**Geographical Contribution (as at 31 March)** 

Domestic International % Share of International as percentage of the total





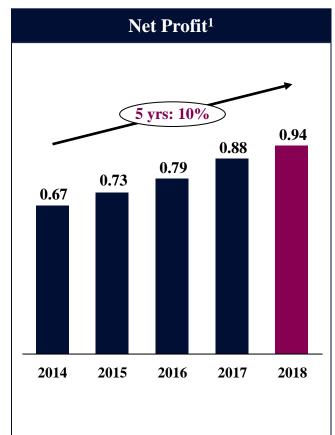


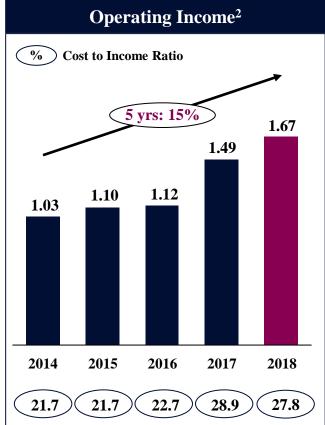
- Profit from international operations increased by USD108 Mn (44%) from 2016 to 2018
- Loans from international operations increased by USD24.5 Bn (89%) from 2016 to 2018
- Deposits from international operations increased by USD31.4 Bn (73%) from 2016 to 2018



### **Consistent Robust Profitability**

**Income Statement Breakdown (USD billion as at 31 March)** 







- Net profit increased 7% from March 2017
- 2013-2018 CAGR of 10%

- Operating income increased 12% from March 2017
- 2013-2018 CAGR of 15%

- NII increased 12% from March 2017
- Strong NIM with the current size of more than USD225 billion of total assets

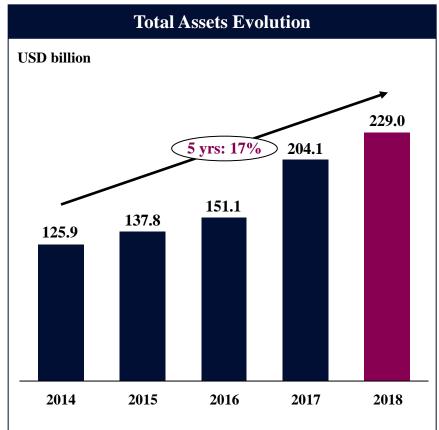


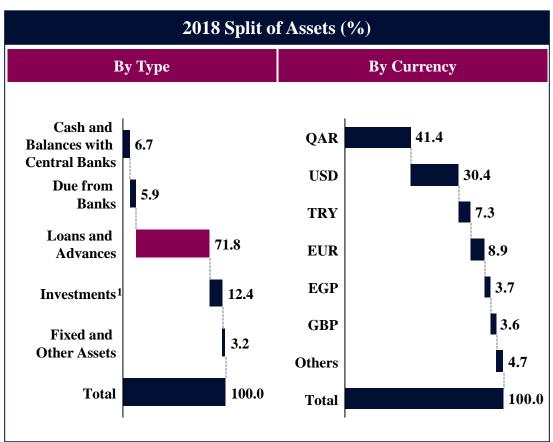
Source: March 2018 Financial Report

- 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank
- 2: Operating Income includes Share of Results of Associates
- 3: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average interest earning assets

# Good asset growth driven by lending activities mainly in QAR and USD

Assets Analysis (as at 31 March)





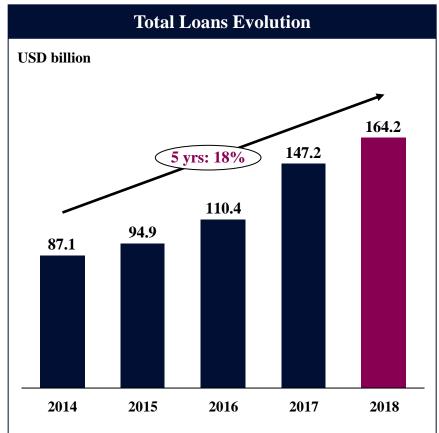
- Assets increased 12% from March 2017
- 2013-2018 CAGR of 17%

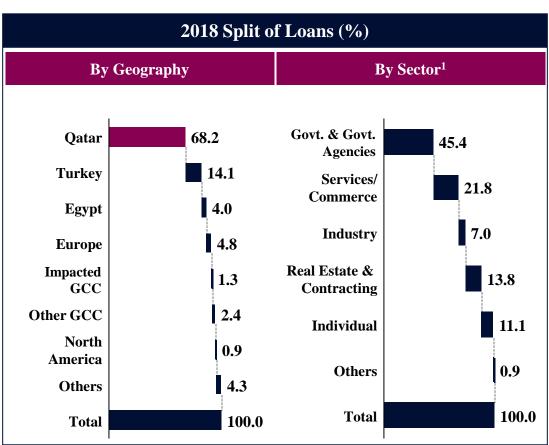
- Loans and advances represent 72% of total assets
- USD and QAR currencies account for 72% of total assets



### Good loan growth

#### **Loans Analysis (as at 31 March)**





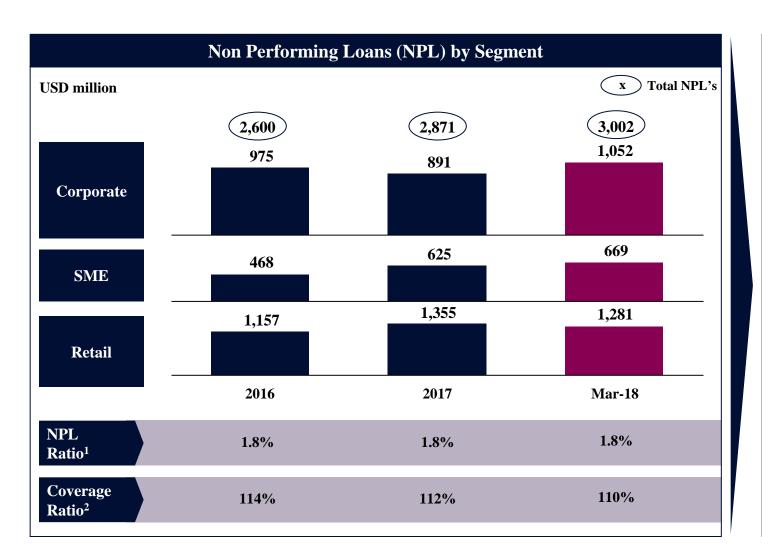
- Loans increased 12% from March 2017
- 2013-2018 CAGR of 18%

- Loans denominated in USD represent 33% of total loans
- Loan exposures are of a high quality with 45% concentration to Government and public sector entities



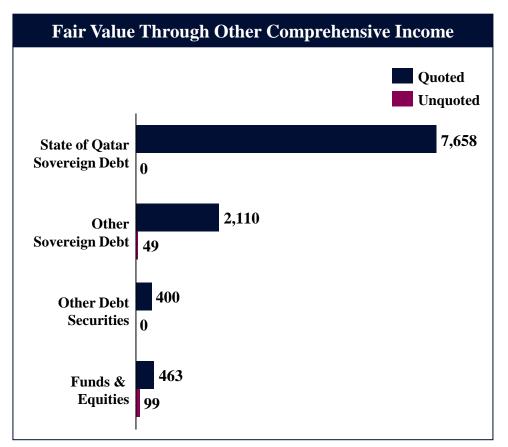
# High quality lending portfolio is highlighted by low NPL ratios

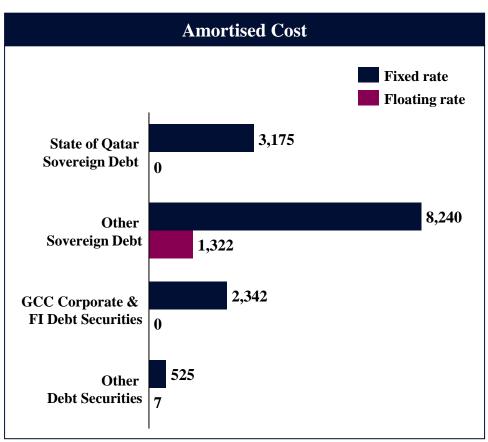
Asset Quality Analysis (as at 31 December unless stated)



- QNB has continued to increase its provisions in response to the global economic situation
- The bank's coverage ratio has remained robust amidst the economic slowdown, with a coverage of 110% as at 31 March 2018
- Past dues are NPL after 90 days default
- There is the additional security of a risk reserve of USD2,060 million which is greater than the 2.5% QCB requirements

# High quality investment portfolio with 88% of securities rated AA or Sovereign Investments Analysis (USD million as at 31 March 2018)





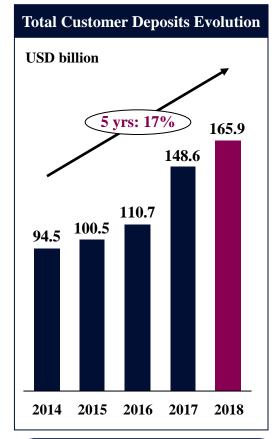
• Quoted securities account for 99% of FVOCI Investment securities

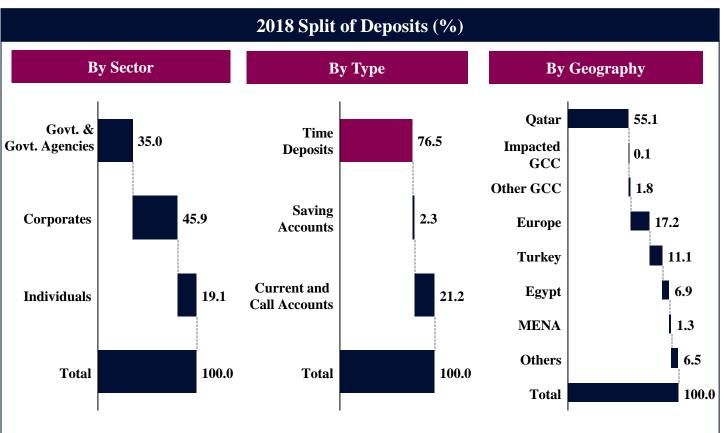
• Majority of Other Sovereign Debt is Government Guaranteed



### Robust growth in customer deposits and funding

**Funding Analysis (as at 31 March)** 





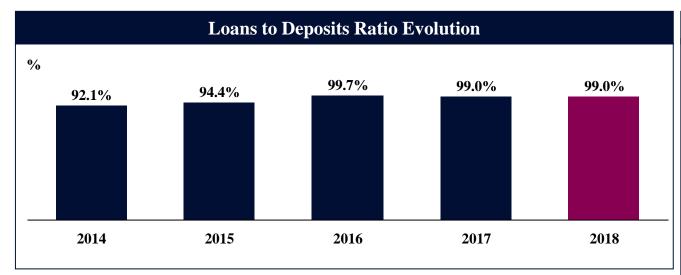
- Deposits increased 12% from March 2017
- 2013-2018 CAGR of 17%
- QNB remains the public sector's preferred bank
- USD, TRY and EGP denominated deposits represent 46%, 7% and 5% of total deposits respectively

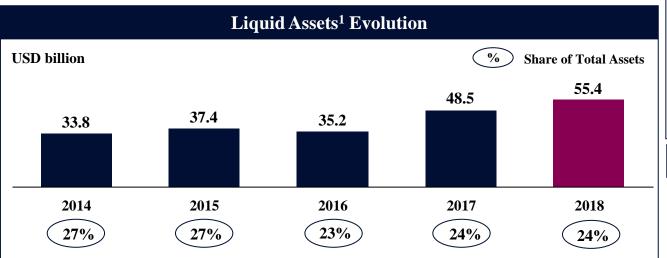


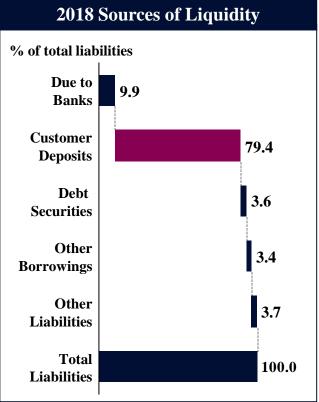
Source: March 2018 Financial Report

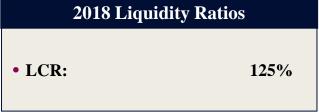
### Solid liquidity profile

#### **Liquidity Analysis (as at 31 March)**





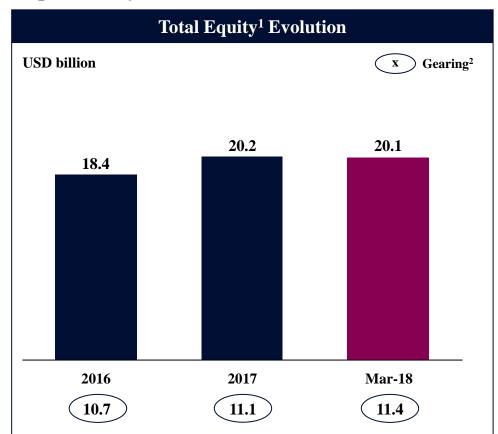


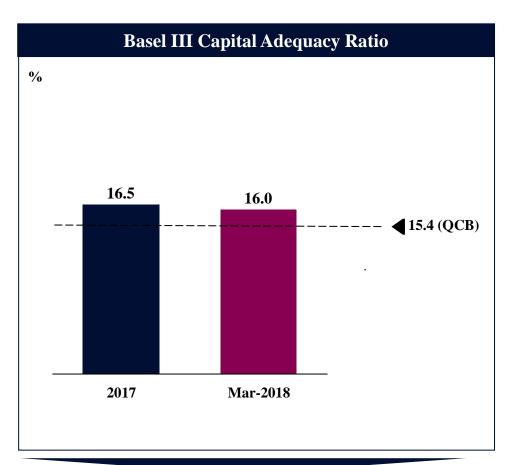




# Strong capital adequacy ratio maintained above both QCB and Basel III requirements

Capital Analysis (as at 31 December unless stated)



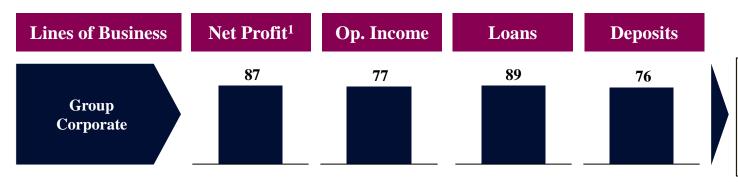


- Capital base has been regularly increased in line with the strong performance of QNB's balance sheet
- Capital adequacy ratio is above QCB and Basel III requirements including the applicable DSIB buffer of 1.875%



### Diversifying business mix will bolster sustainable growth

**Business Mix Contribution (% share as at 31 March 2018)** 



- Maintain dominant domestic market share
- Grow international contribution
- Nurture SME business in Qatar

Group Asset and Wealth Management

6

1

9

- Ensure positioning as Qatar's leading private bank
- Maintain positioning as Qatar's leading fund manager
- Preferred Institutional Broker

Group Consumer Banking

7

18

7

15

- Maintain domestic market share
- Continue to enhance global affluent offering
- Selectively expand retail offering across international network



# IFRS 9 Implementation: Additional buffer for long term earnings stability

#### **Financial Impacts**

- QNB implemented IFRS 9 with effect from 1 January 2018 based on the QCB guidelines.
- Day1 transition impact amounted to USD696 million (net of tax) from IFRS 9 has been charged to the opening retained earnings as of 1 January 2018.
- As per QCB instructions, ECL impact has been treated as Tier 2 Capital for CAR purposes with no amortisation of the transition impact.
- Impact of 'Classification and Measurement' (C&M) requirements are not significant to the QNB.

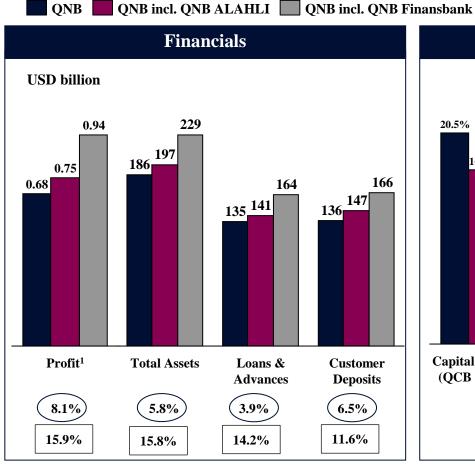
Coverage ratio <sup>1</sup>				
As of 31March 2018	Stage1	Stage2	Stage3 (NPL)	
Due from Banks and Balances with Central Banks	0.1%	3.2%	-	
Loans	0.2%	10.1%	109.9%	
Investments	0.1%	3.5%	111.6%	

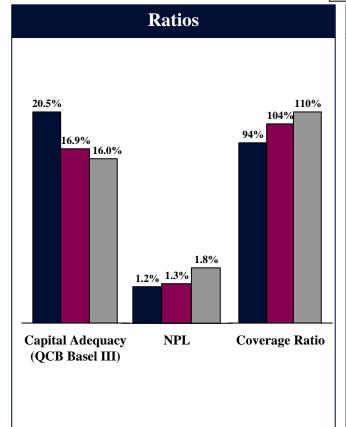
Cost of Risk <sup>2</sup>				
31March 2018	Stage1	Stage2	Stage3 (NPL)	Total
Cost of Risk	3bps	8bps	28bps	40bps



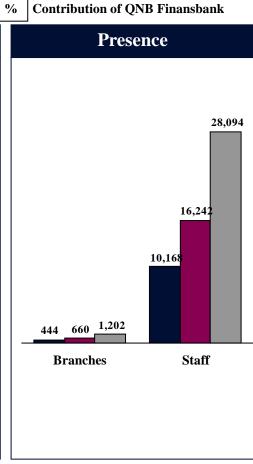
# **QNB** Group Financials

Key data (as at 31 March 2018)





Contribution of QNB AA

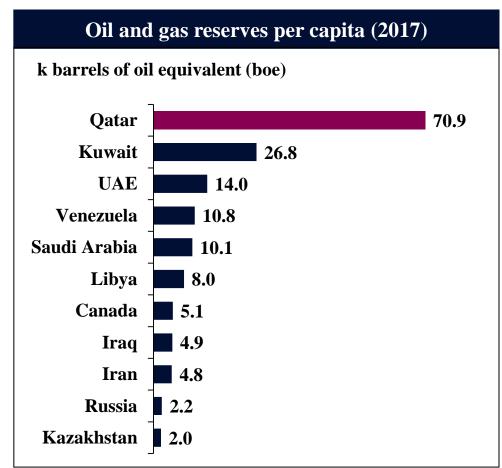


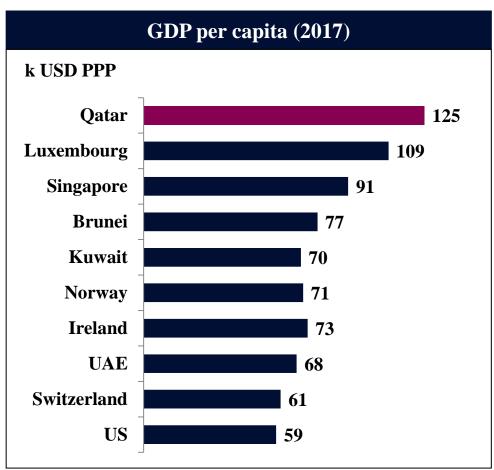
- Results finalised under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
- Capital Adequacy Ratio: 16.0%





# Qatar is endowed with major oil and gas reserves, making it the richest country in the world

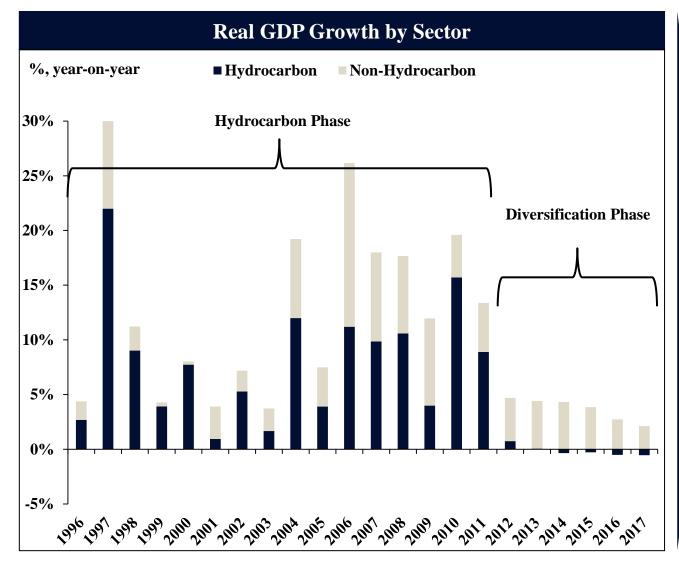




- At current extraction rates, Qatar's proven gas reserves would last for another 135 years
- Development of the hydrocarbon sector has made Qatar the world's richest country



# Qatar accumulated large reserves during its hydrocarbon expansion and is now using these reserves to diversify the economy through major investments



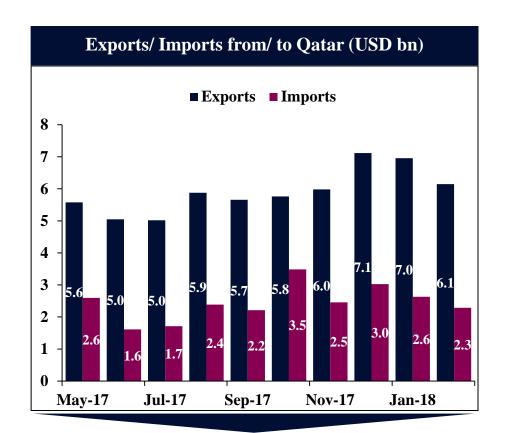


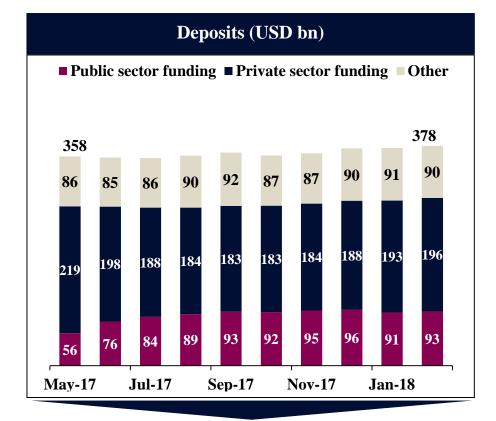
Qatar's National
Vision 2030 aims to
create a knowledge
based and diversified
economy



Sources: MDPS and QNB Economics

# Qatar's fundamentals remain on a stable footing





- Imports have recovered since the blockade
- New trade routes have been established
- Exports have grown despite the blockade

- Outflows from the banking system have been more than offset by public sector inflows
- Private funding flows have been positive for the last five months



# Qatar remains one of the highest rated sovereigns in the world

		Moody's Sovereign Ratings <sup>1</sup>			
	AAA	US, Germany, Canada, Australia, N Zealand, Switz'nd, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Neth'lands, Lux'bourg, Singapore			
	Aa1	Austria, Finland			
رم م	Aa2	UK, France, South Korea, Hong Kong, Isle of Man			
Investment Grade	Aa3	<b>Qatar</b> , Belgium, Chile, Taiwan, Macau, Cayman Islands, Faroe Islands			
nt G	A1	China, Japan, Saudi Arabia, Estonia, Czech			
stme	A2	Bermuda, Slovakia, Poland, Botswana, Ireland			
nves	A3	Iceland, Mexico, Latvia, Lithuania, Malaysia, Malta, Peru			
	Baa1	Thailand, Slovenia, Mauritius			
	Baa2	India, Italy, Spain, Uruguay, Philippines, Bulgaria, Panama, Colombia Oman, Hungary, South Africa, Kazakhstan, Bahamas, Romania, Indonesia			
	Baa3				
	Non-Investment Grade				
Bal	Ba1Ba2Ba3B1B2B3Caa1Caa2Caa3CaC				

• Qatar is one of the highest rated sovereigns in the world, ranking above a number of advanced economies



# Qatar's large infrastructure investment programme remains undisrupted; new potential for further investment is arising in the medium to long-term

Project Pipeline				
	Project	Budget (bn USD)	End	
n .	Lusail Mixed-Use Development	45.0	2022	
Cons- truction	<b>Education City</b>	9.0	2019	
t	Qetaifan Island North	3.0	2023	
	Qatar Integrated Rail	40.0	2026	
<b>Transport</b>	Hamad International Airport, Phase I & II	23.5	2020	
Trans	Ashghal Expressway Programme	20.0	2020	
	Ashghal Local Roads & Drainage	14.6	2022	
Oil and Gas	Bul Hanine Oilfield Redevelopment	11.0	2021	
Oil	Barzan Gas Development	10.3	2023	

#### **Potential Investment Opportunities**

- New investment sectors are opening up to support self sufficiency, such as:
  - 1) Transport and logistics: to build on increased activity at Hamad port
  - 2) Food production: to create large-scale dairy and poultry facilities
  - 3) Tourism: to relax visa regulations and investment in new leisure facilities
  - 4) LNG: to build infrastructure to enable the planned 30% increase in LNG production in 5-7 years time



# With sustainable and growing reserves Qatar can maintain the peg, offset outflows, support banks and continue its investment spending

#### Preserve the peg

Easily cover Qatari Riyal deposits and currency in circulation of 23% of GDP in 2017



#### **Offset potential outflows**

Public sector deposits up by 50.1% from May-Feb

#### **Support banking system**

Provide the QCB with means to inject liquidity in QAR and USD

#### **Sustain economic growth**

Allow financing of potential deficits to continue the investment spending programme



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- These statements typically contain words such as "expects" and "anticipates" and words of similar import.
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